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3039 CORNWA	ALLIS RD. 503, PO BOX 12195	AUGUSTINE, NICHOLAS			
	TRIANGLE PARK, N	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			2179		
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			04/10/2008	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

RSWIPLAW@us.ibm.com

Office Action Summary		Applica	ation No.	Applicant(s)		
		10/727	,275	COHEN ET AL.		
		Examir	er	Art Unit		
			LAS AUGUSTINE	2179		
<i>Th</i> Period for Re	e MAILING DATE of this commu p ply	nication appears on	the cover sheet with the	correspondence a	ddress	
WHICHEN - Extensions after SIX (6 - If NO perior - Failure to re Any reply re	ENED STATUTORY PERIOD F /ER IS LONGER, FROM THE N of time may be available under the provision) MONTHS from the mailing date of this com d for reply is specified above, the maximum seply within the set or extended period for repl acceived by the Office later than three months ent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DATE OF s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no munication. tatutory period will apply and y will, by statute, cause the a	THIS COMMUNICATION event, however, may a reply be still expire SIX (6) MONTHS from application to become ABANDON	ON. timely filed om the mailing date of this on NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status						
2a)⊠ This 3)⊡ Sind	ponsive to communication(s) fils action is FINAL . be this application is in condition and in accordance with the pract	2b)∏ This action is for allowance exce	pt for formal matters, p		e merits is	
Disposition o	of Claims					
4a) (5)	m(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are pending in the Of the above claim(s) is/a m(s) is/are allowed. m(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are rejected. m(s) is/are objected to. m(s) are subject to restri	are withdrawn from				
· · ·	•	a Evaminar				
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. 						
Priority unde	r 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
2) Notice of D 3) Information	References Cited (PTO-892) Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (In Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) S)/Mail Date	PTO-948)	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:			

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1.

DETAILED ACTION

A. This action is in response to the following communications: Amendment filed: 07/12/2007. This action is made **Final**.

Claims 1-21 remain pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

2. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

3. Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

As to claim 1, a "computer-readable medium" is being recited; however, as disclosed by the specification sections, the Applicant has provided evidence that the Applicant intends the "medium" to include signals. As such, the claim is drawn to a form of energy. Energy is not one of the four categories of invention and therefore this claim(s) is/are not statutory. Energy is not a series of steps or acts and thus is not a process. Energy is not a physical article or object and as such is not a machine or manufacture.

Energy is not a combination of substances and therefore not a composition of matter.

Using the language "storing/store/stored" is recommended instead of "containing" in line

1 of claim 1.

As such, claims 2-6 are rejected as incorporating the deficiencies of a claim upon which

it depends.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs 0f35 U.S.C. 102

that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless:

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public

use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United

States.

5. Claims 1-6 and 15-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated

by Cascio et al (US Pub 2002/0091818), hereinafter "Cascio".

As claim 1, Cascio teaches a computer-readable medium whose contents cause a

computer system (fig. 1, label 30; par [0044]) to recognize a character based user

interface having a plurality of host component types and to transform the character based user interface to a web enabled user interface (Abstract; par [0026]; par [0047]; par [0052]; par [0075]), the computer system having instructions to perform the steps of (par [0044]; par [0047]): scanning the character based user interface by a plurality of agents (par [0047]; fig. 7; par [0055]; par [0075], that the program will scan for textural patterns); determining which host component types exist in the character based user interface (par [0025]; par [0072], that by comparing the data against rules), each agent determining the existence of a different host component type from the other agents (par [0025]; par [0072], that by comparing the data against rules); defining a match region for each host component type found to exist by an agent in the character based user interface (par [0025]); determining whether two or more match regions overlap (fig. 6; par [0058]; par [0072]-[0073]; par [0076]-[0077], that by comparing complex data components (windows or objects) against rules will determine if regions/areas overlap); and rendering match regions associated with each agent to compose the web enabled user interface (Abstract; par [0025]-[0026]; par [0047]; par [0052]; par [0075]).

As claim 2, Cascio further teaches: rendering each match region as a widget, the widgets composing a formatted output page (Abstract; par [0047]).

As claim 3, Cascio further teaches comprising a step before the rendering step, the step comprising: resolving a conflict between two or more match regions which overlap

based on a policy to determine which agent associated with a match region controls the overlap region (par [0052]; par [0072]-[0073]; par [0076]-[0077]), that by comparing complex data against the rules and invoking an application designated by the rule).

As claim 4, Cascio further teaches the policy comprises the steps of: assigning a predetermined priority to each agent (fig. 6; par [0065]; par [0072]-[0073], that by having the ability to edit and assigning the order (priority) of the components in the rules based in the order they are checked); comparing the predetermined priority of the two or more conflicting agents (par [0072]- [0073], that by comparing the complex data against rules will also determine the order (priority) of the components); and selecting the agent with the highest predetermined priority to control the overlapping region (par [0052], that by invoking an application designated by the rule will assume).

As claim 5, Cascio further teaches the policy comprises the steps of: comparing the size of the conflicting regions which overlap (fig. 9, labels 920, 930; par [0062]-[0064] par [0072]-[0073], that by comparing the complex data against rules); and selecting the agent having the smaller size region to control the overlapped region (par [0052]; par [0077], that by invoking an application designated by the rule to extract and display the area/region in a new format).

As claim 6, Cascio further teaches the policy comprises the steps of: assigning a dynamic priority to each conflicting region having a common overlapping

region (fig. 6; par [0065]; par [0072]-[0073], that by having the ability to edit and assigning an attribute (priority), in the rules), the dynamic priority based on the projected amount of time expended to render each conflicting region (fig. 6; par [0072]-[0073], that by assigning the order of the components in the rules based in the order they are checked); and selecting the agent controlling the conflicting region having the highest priority to retain control over the overlapping region (fig. 6; par [0052]; par [0072]-[0073], that by checking components based on the rules will determent when the control is turned over to a component).

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As claim 7, Cascio further teaches the conflicting agents negotiate whether to relinquish control of at least the overlap region (fig. 6; par [0052]; par [0072]-[0073], that by checking components based on the rules will determent when the control is turned over to a component).

As claim 15, Cascio teaches a method (par [0044]) for recognizing a character based user interface having a plurality of host component types and transforming the character based user interface to a web enabled user interface (Abstract; par [0026]; par [0047]; par [0052]; par [0075]), the method comprising: scanning the character based user interface by a plurality of agents (par [0047]; fig. 7; par [0055]; par [0075], that the program will scan for textural patterns); determining which host component types exist in the character based user interface (par [0072]-[0073]; par [0076]-[0077], that by comparing complex data components (windows or objects) against rules will determine

which host components are available), each agent determining the existence of a different host component type from the other agents (par [0072]-[0073]; par [0076]-[0077], that by comparing complex data components (windows or objects) against rules will determine which host components are available); defining a match region for each host component type found to exist by an agent in the character based user interface (par [0025]; par [0072]-[0073], that by comparing complex data against the rules); determining whether two or more match regions overlap (fig. 6; par [0058]; par [0072]-[0073]; par [0076]-[0077], that by comparing complex data components (windows or objects) against rules will determine if regions/areas overlap); and rendering match regions associated with each agent to compose the web enabled user interface (Abstract; par [0025]; par [0026]; par [0047]; par [0052]; par [0075]).

As claim 16 Cascio further teaches: rendering each match region as a widget, the widgets composing a formatted output page (Abstract; par [0047]).

As claim 17 Cascio further teaches a Step before the rendering step, the step comprising: resolving a conflict between two or more match regions which overlap based on a policy to determine which agent associated with a match region controls the overlap region (par [0052]; par [0072]-[0073]), that by comparing against rules and invoking an application designated by the rule)

As claim 18, Cascio further teaches the policy comprises the steps of: assigning a predetermined priority to each agent; comparing the predetermined priority of the two or more conflicting agents (fig. 6; par [0058]; par [0072]-[0073]; par [0076]-[0077], that by comparing complex data components (windows or objects) against rules in a prioritized manor); and selecting the agent with the highest predetermined priority to control the overlapping region (par [0052], that by invoking an application designated by the rule will assume control).

As claim 19, Cascio further teaches:

comparing the size of the conflicting regions which overlap (fig. 9, labels 920, 930; par [0062]-[0064] par [0072]-[0073], that by comparing complex data against the rules); and selecting the agent having the smaller size region to control the overlapped region (par [0052], that by invoking an application designated by the rule).

As claim 20, Cascio further teaches the policy comprises the steps of: assigning a dynamic priority to each conflicting region having a common overlapping region (fig. 6; par [0065]; par [0072]-[0073], that by having the ability to edit and assigning attribute (time) in the rules), the dynamic priority based on the projected amount of time expended to render each conflicting region (fig. 6; par [0072]-[0073], that by assigning the order of the components in the rules based in the order they are checked); ' and selecting the agent controlling the conflicting region having the highest priority to retain control over the overlapping region (fig. 6; par [0052]; par [0072]-[0073], that by

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checking components based on the rules will determent when the control is turned over

to a component).

As claim 21, Cascio further teaches the conflicting agents negotiate whether to

relinquish control of at least the overlap region (fig. 6; par [0052]; par [0072]-[0073], that

by checking components based on the rules will determent when the control is turned

over to a component).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or

described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject

matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a

whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having

ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be

negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

7. Claims 8-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Cascio in view of DaCosta et al. (US Pub 2002/0120725), hereinafter "DaCosta".

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As claim 8, Cascio teaches a computer system (fig. 1, label 30; par [0044]) for recognizing a character based user interface having a plurality of host component types and transforming the character based user interface to a web enabled user interface (Abstract; par [0026]; par [0047]; par [0052]; par [0075]), comprising:. a memory (fig. 1, label 28; par [0038]; line 18) comprising a plurality of agent objects to scan the character based user interface (par [0047]; fig. 7; par [0055]; par [0075], that the program will scan for textural patterns), each agent object determining the existence of a different host component type from the other agents (par [0025]; par [0072], that by comparing the data against rules), each agent object defining a match region for each host component type found to exist in the character based user interface (par [0025]). each agent object rendering its associated match region to compose the web enabled user interface (Abstract; par [0025]; par [0026]; par [0047]; par [0052]; par [0075]); and a processor for running the plurality of agent objects (fig. 1, label 12; par [0038], line 6). Cascio does not teach the computer system having an anti-virus program. However, DaCosta teaches the computer system having an anti-virus program (par [0008]-[0009], that it is inherent that there is anti-virus program in the computer system to able to be updated). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art the time the invention to modify Cascio by teaching the computer system having an anti-virus program as taught by DaCosta in order to provide a secured software environment in the computer system and protecting against current threats (e.g., viruses).

As claim 9, Cascio further teaches each agent rendering each match region as a widget, the widgets composing a formatted output page (Abstract; par [0047]).

As claim 10, Cascio further teaches:

an agent manager for determining whether two or more match regions overlap (fig. 6; par [0044]; par [0072]-[0073], that by comparing complex data against the rules).

As claim 11, "Cascio further teaches two or more agents resolve a conflict between two or more overlapping match regions based on a policy to determine which agent associated with one match region controls the overlap region, the processor running the policy (par [0052]; par [0044]; par [0072]-[0073]), that by comparing rules and invoking an application designated by the rule and running by processor).

As claim 12, Cascio further teaches the policy executed by the processor comprises: assigning a predetermined priority to each agent (fig. 6; par [0065]; par [0072]-[0073], that by having the ability to edit and assigning the order of the components in the rules based in the order they are checked); comparing the predetermined priority of the two or more conflicting agents (par [0072]-[0073], that by comparing complex data against the rules); and selecting the agent with the highest predetermined priority to control the overlapping region (par [0052], that by invoking an application designated by the rule will assume).

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As claim 13, Cascio further teaches the policy executed by the processor comprises: comparing the size of the conflicting region switch overlap (fig. 9, labels 920, 930; par [0062]-[0064] par [0072H0073], that by comparing complex data against the rules); and selecting the agent having the smaller size region to control the overlapped region (par

[0052], that by invoking an application designated by the rule).

As claim 14, Cascio further teaches the policy executed by the processor comprises: assigning a dynamic priority to each conflicting region having a common overlapping region (fig. 6; par [0065]; par [0072]-[0073], that by having the ability to edit and assigning attribute (time) in the rules), the dynamic priority based on the projected amount of time expended to render each conflicting region (fig. 6; par [0072]-[0073], that by assigning the order of the Components in the rules based in the order they are checked); and selecting the agent controlling the conflicting region having the highest priority to retain control over the overlapping region (fig. 6; par [0052]; par [0072]-[0073], that by checking components based on the rules will determent when the control is turned over to a component).

(Note:) It is noted that any citation to specific, pages, columns, lines, or figures in the prior art references and any interpretation of the references should not be considered to be limiting in any way. A reference is relevant for all it contains and may be relied upon for all that it would have reasonably suggested to one having ordinary skill in the art. In re Heck, 699 F.2d 1331, 1332-33, 216 USPQ 1038, 1039 (Fed. Cir. 1983) (quoting In re Lemelson, 397 F.2d 1006,1009, 158 USPQ 275, 277 (CCPA 1968)).

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Applicant's arguments filed 07/12/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

After careful review of the amended claims (given the broadest interpretation) and the remarks provided by the Applicant along with the cited reference(s) the Examiner does not agree with the Applicant for at least the reasons provided below:

- A1. Applicant argues that Cascio does not teach a plurality of agents for performing functionality of the system.
- R1. Examiner does not agree. The Applicant agrees and states that "...a procedural agent would execute as a single process...", hence an agent is a process. With that in mind the Examiner likes to note paragraphs 53, 60, 73, 75 which describe different processes for performing different functionality much like an individual agent to perform certain functionality as explained by the Applicant. Then the Examiner would like to know paragraphs 41, 44-45 in which Cascio provides direct discloser of the system capable of being ran on multiple diverse computer environments including multicore and multi-processor computing environments, thus Cascio gives another scenario of how Cascio has multiple agents performing desired functionality from the system of Cascio. Then again Cascio also provides further evidence of a plurality of agents by explaining the system can be ran in a multi-tiered architecture, which know in the art has a plurality of agents to invoke functionality from the Cascio system (http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Multitier_architecture).

A2. Applicant argues Cascio does not teach determining whether tow or more match regions overlap.

- R2. Examiner does not agree, in paragraph 72 it is directly explained that the system detects same matched areas and does not keep the same areas with the end goal being the satisfy the rule to have a complete filed (all regions collected) such that extraction can then take place. It is explained that the same regions that are matched are not needed and there for were detected. Cascio may not use the term "overlap" but the function of overlapping is present to at least paragraph 72.
 - A3. Applicant argues that Cascio does not teach multiple objects.
- R3. Examiner does not agree, not A1 discussion above; wherein Applicant notes that object is defined as a process.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the

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shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Inquires

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nicholas Augustine whose telephone number is 571-270-1056. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday: 7:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Weilun Lo can be reached on 571-272-4847. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Nicholas Augustine/ Examiner, Art Unit 2179 March 22, 2008

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/Ba Huynh/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2179